

KEY ASSET MANAGEMENT

GENEVA

• LONDON

• NEW YORK

• OSLO • STOCKHOLM

Hedge Funds Past, Present and Future

Dr Chris Jones

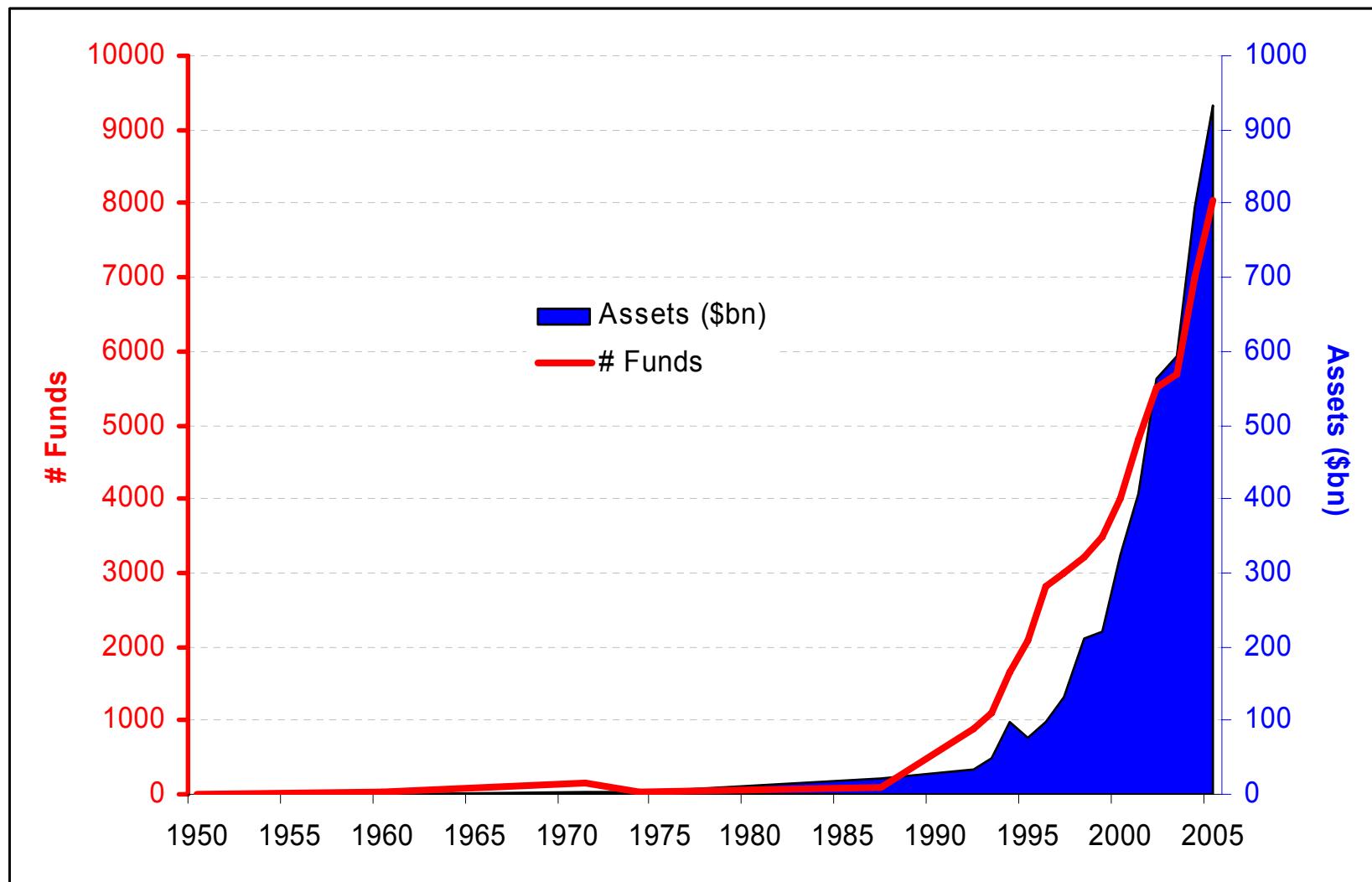
Chief Investment Officer

Key Asset Management

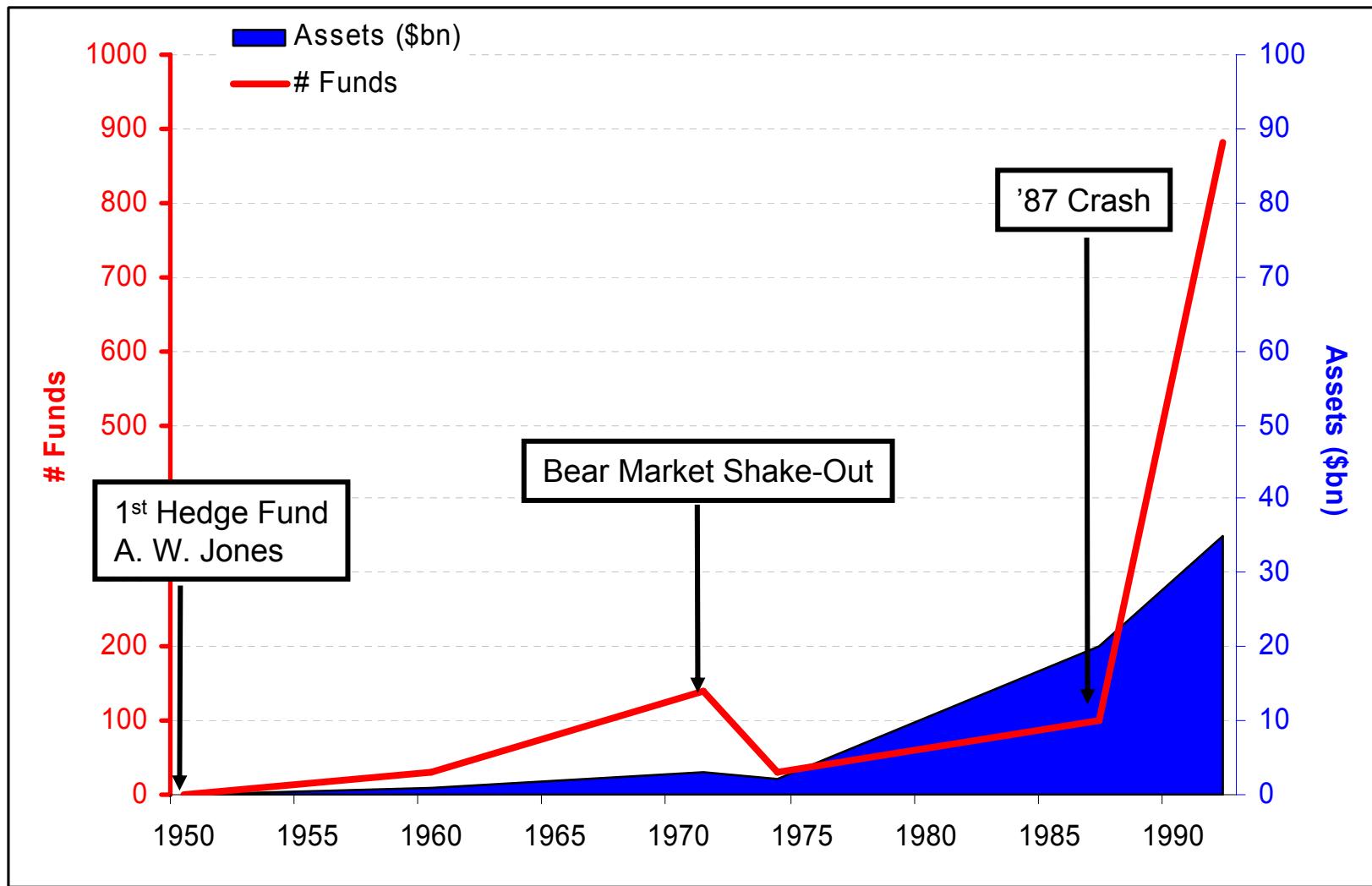
Agenda

- A Brief History of Hedge Funds
- The Current Hedge Fund Environment
- Recent Developments
- The Future for Hedge Funds
- Hedge Fund Risk
- Some Controversy

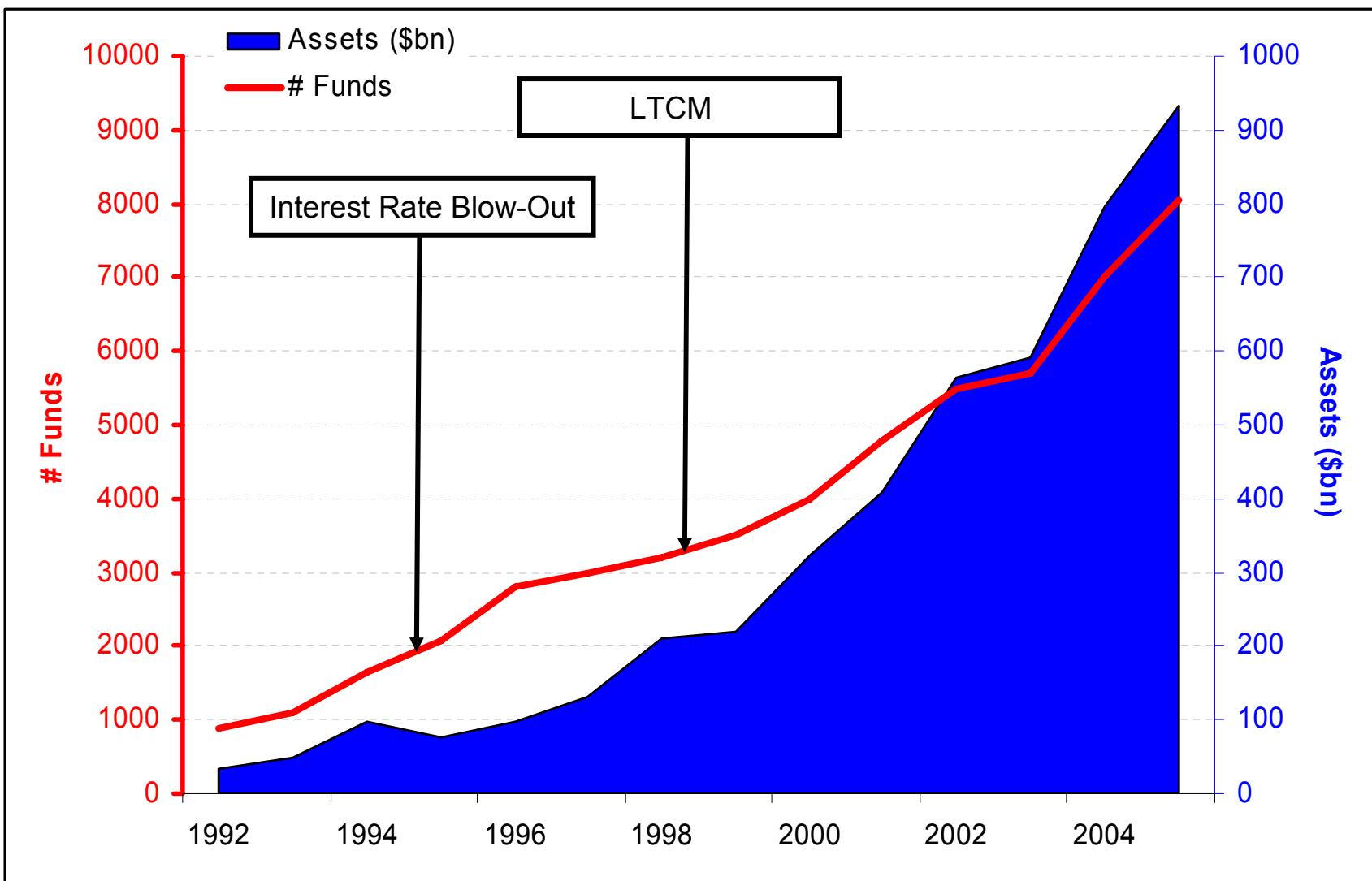
A Brief history of Hedge Funds: Growth



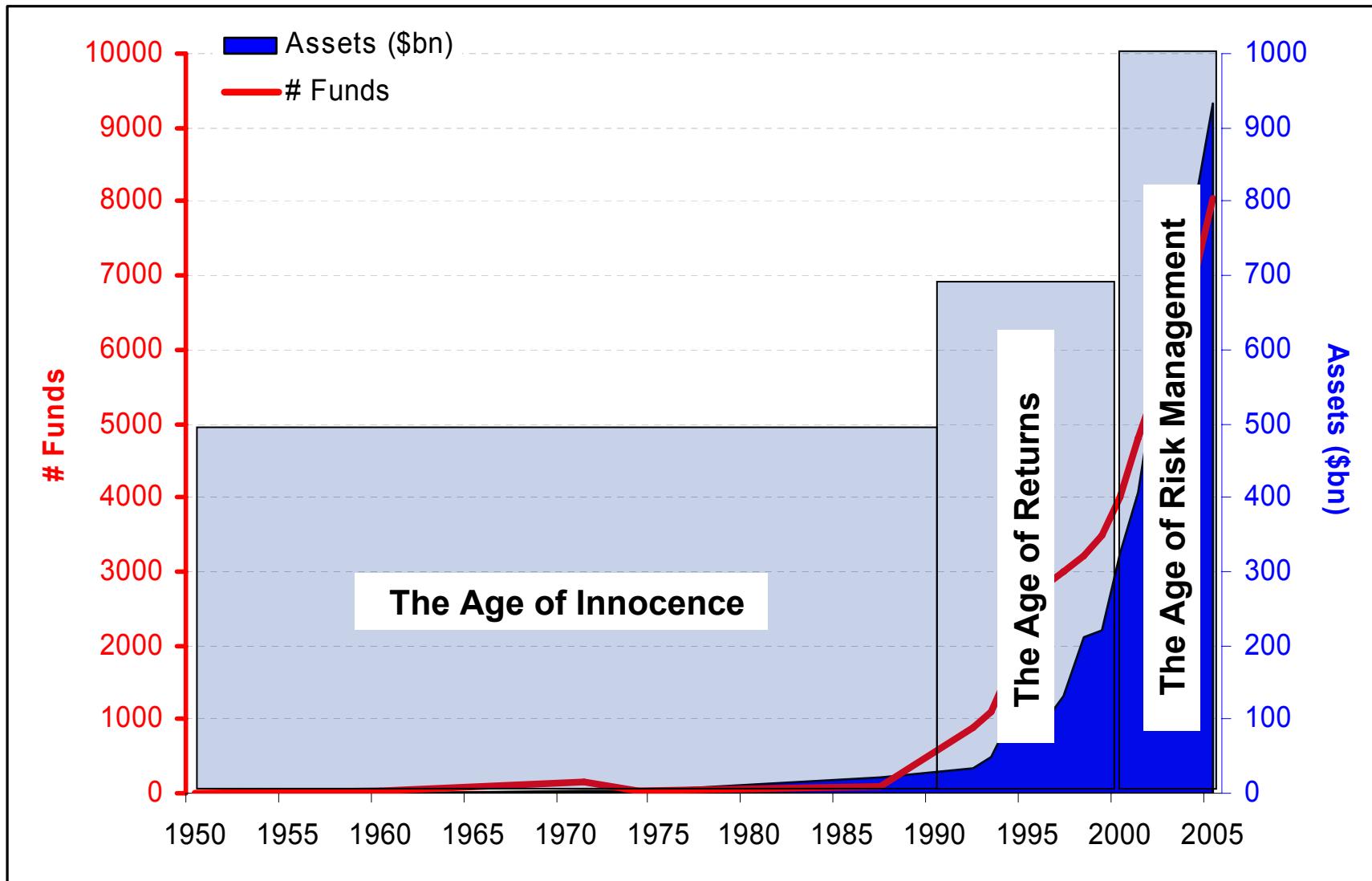
A Brief history of Hedge Funds: Growth



A Brief history of Hedge Funds: Growth



A Brief history of Hedge Funds: Growth



The Current Hedge Fund Environment

HEDGE FUNDS THEN

- No assets
- Strong performance
- No risk management
- ‘Under the radar’
- Entirely trade based
- Cottage industry
- No specific third party support
- Rarely (if ever) in the press

HEDGE FUNDS NOW

- Vast inflows of assets
- Varying performance
- Improved risk management
- Liquidity issues
- Deal based and trade based
- Big business
- Substantial third party support
- Always in the press

The Current Hedge Fund Environment

- Where did all the money come from?
 - The rich
 - US endowments, charities and pension plans
 - European institutions and pension plans (underinvested)
 - Investment banks

The Current Hedge Fund Environment

- Where did all the hedge funds come from?
 - Investment banks
 - Traditional investment managers

Recent Developments

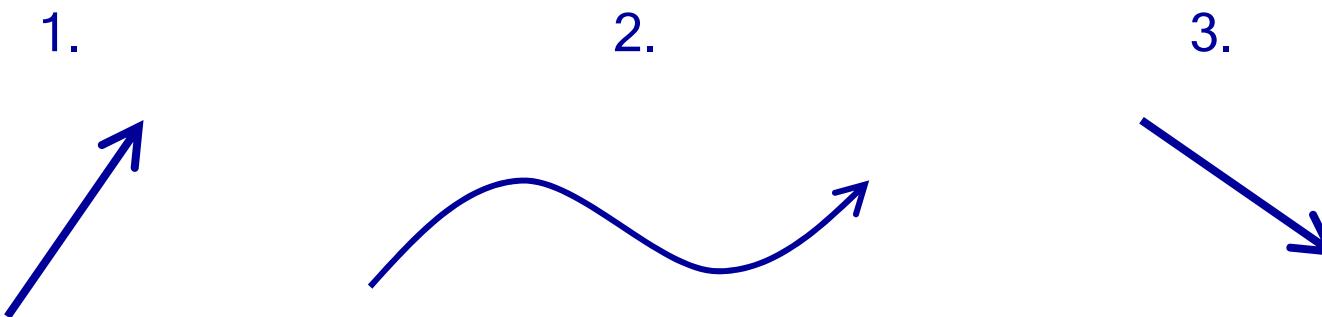
- Single strategy to multi-strategy
- Autocracies to partnerships
- Independent to subsidiary
- Open to ‘closed’
- Under-reported to over-reported
- Liquid to lock-up
- Rich to very rich (and powerful)
- Secretive to slightly less secretive

Recent Developments

- UK Institutional take-up
- Fund-of-funds consolidation
- Investment consultants recommending single manager funds
- Acquisitions of funds and fund–of-funds
- Retail availability

The Future

- The Age of Institutionalisation?
 - Why not short?
- The golden goose gets killed?
- Hedge funds as the new investment banks?
- Bigger emphasis on individual strategies and return streams thereof
- Three scenarios:



Hedge Fund Risk: Disasters

- LTCM
- Manhattan
- Beacon Hill
- Clinton
- Bayou
- Bailey Coates

Hedge Fund Risk: Lessons

- VaR = CRaP
 - Funny tails
 - Correlation shifts
 - Hidden risk
 - Path dependencies & depth of pockets
 - The death spiral
- So maybe hedge funds take more risk than we estimate from volatility of returns
 - Volatility is not a good estimator of hedge fund risk
 - Esoteric markets = ‘new frontier’ inefficiencies, nice returns
 - Esoteric markets = liquidity risk, valuation risk, financing risk

Concluding (Potentially Controversial) Remarks

- ‘Hedge Funds’: a collection of investment styles, not an asset class
- To talk about the hedge fund ‘bubble’ is a bit thick
- Hedge fund indices tell you very little
- The majority of academic work on hedge funds is lazy, formulaic and of minimal use to anybody
 - Need to look under the hood rather than generalise
 - There is some good stuff around, however
 - Of interest to the industry is
 - Measurement of operational risk and other difficult to measure risk
 - Weird shaped distributions and tail estimation
 - Replication

Concluding (Potentially Controversial) Remarks

- Hedge funds take a whole load of beta
 - To the naïve, beta to something other than equities = alpha
- All the same, hedge funds give investors something they can't get anywhere else
 - 'Different shaped' returns
 - Harvesting returns from true market inefficiencies across all markets
 - Most efficient exploitation of alpha generating capabilities