

## 7. SLE and the domain Markov property

Recall from §1

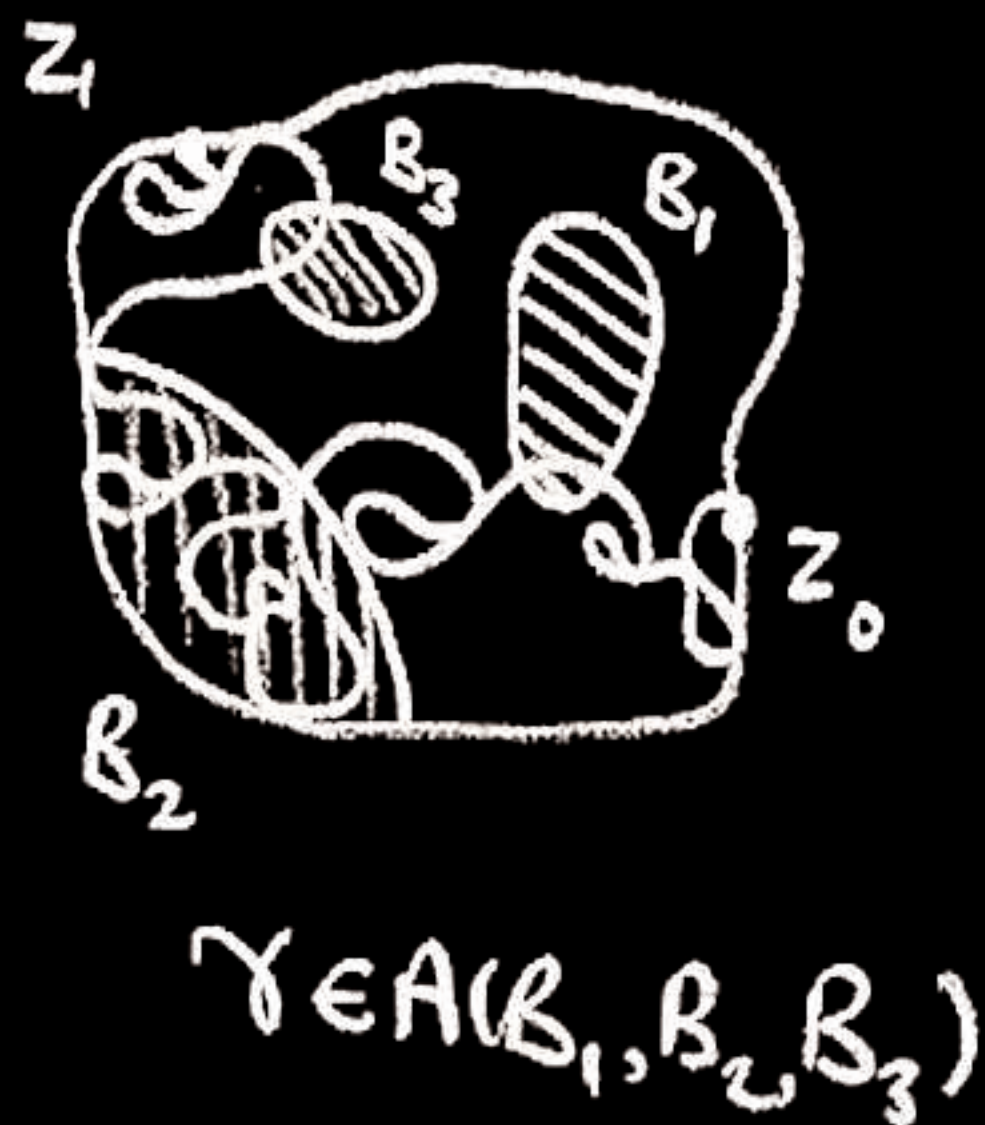
$\mathcal{C}_D$  is the set of chords in  $D = (U, z_0, z_1)$

$\mathcal{E}_D$  is the  $\sigma$ -algebra on  $\mathcal{C}_D$  generated by

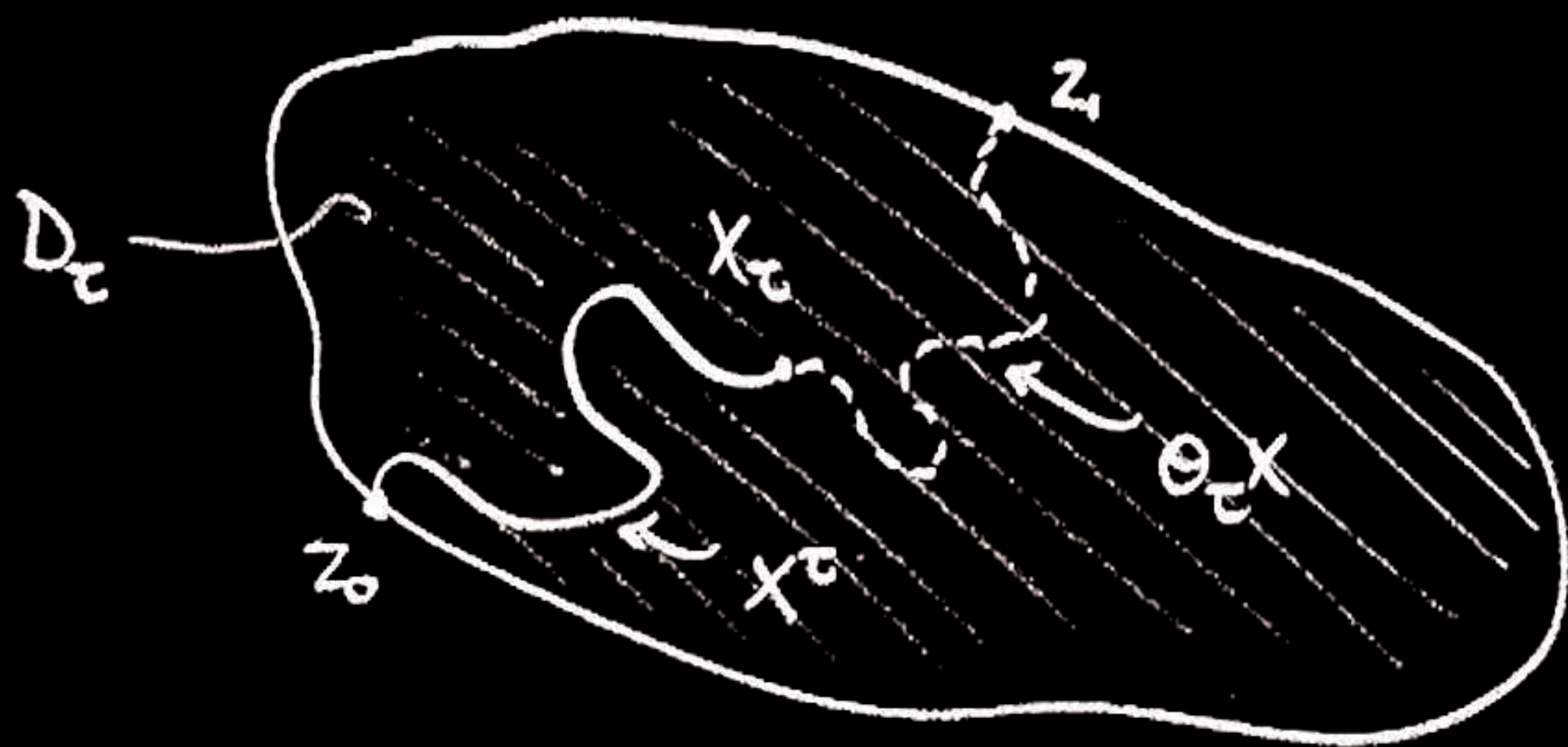
sets  $A(B_1, \dots, B_n)$

Let  $(\mu_D : D \in \mathcal{D})$  be a family of probability measures  
with  $\mu_D$  on  $(\mathcal{C}_D, \mathcal{E}_D)$

— also in §8



Say that  $(\mu_D : D \in \mathcal{D})$  has the domain Markov property, for all  $D = (U, z_0, z_1) \in \mathcal{D}$ , for  $X \sim \mu_D$ ,  $X$  does not hit  $z_1$  before time 1, a.s., and, for all parametrization invariant stopping times  $\tau$  on  $\mathcal{P}_D$ , conditional on the stopped chord  $X^\tau$  and on  $\tau(X) < 1$ , we have  $\theta_\tau X \sim \mu_{D_\tau}$





## Theorem 7.1

The following statements are equivalent:

- (a) the family  $(\mu_D : D \in \mathcal{D})$  is conformally invariant and has the domain Markov property,
- (b) there exists  $\kappa \in [0, \infty)$  such that, for all  $D \in \mathcal{D}$  and for any conformal isomorphism  $\bar{\Phi}_D : (\mathbb{H}, 0, \infty) \rightarrow D$ ,  $\mu_D$  is the law of  $[\bar{\Phi}_D(\gamma)]$ , where  $\gamma$  is an SLE( $\kappa$ ).

We refer to such  $\mu_D$  and to  $X \sim \mu_D$  as SLE( $\kappa$ ) in  $D$ .

## 8. SLE(6) and the locality property

Recall that  $(\mu_D : D \in \mathcal{D})$  has the locality property if for all  $D, D' \in \mathcal{D}$ , for all initial domains  $N$  common to  $D, D'$ , if  $X \sim \mu_D, X' \sim \mu_{D'}$ , then  $X^N \sim X'^N$ , where  $X^N$  is  $X$  stopped on leaving  $N$ .

Suppose now that  $(\mu_D : D \in \mathcal{D})$  is conformally invariant. Then we can realize  $X = \Phi_D(X^0), X' = \Phi_{D'}(X^0)$  where  $\Phi_D, \Phi_{D'}$  are conformal isomorphism to  $D, D'$  from  $(\mathbb{H}, 0, \infty)$  and  $X^0 \sim \mu_{(\mathbb{H}, 0, \infty)}$

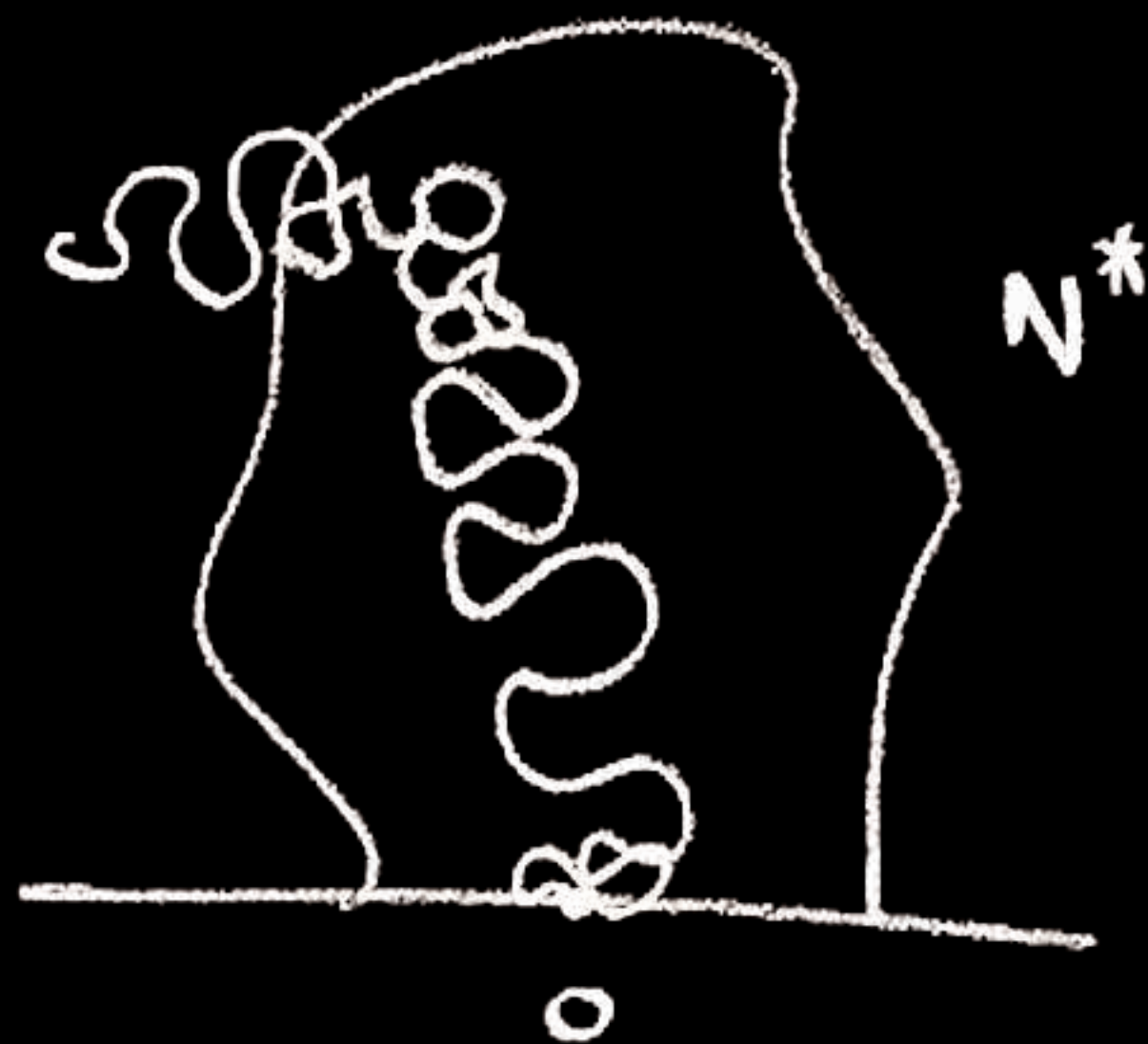
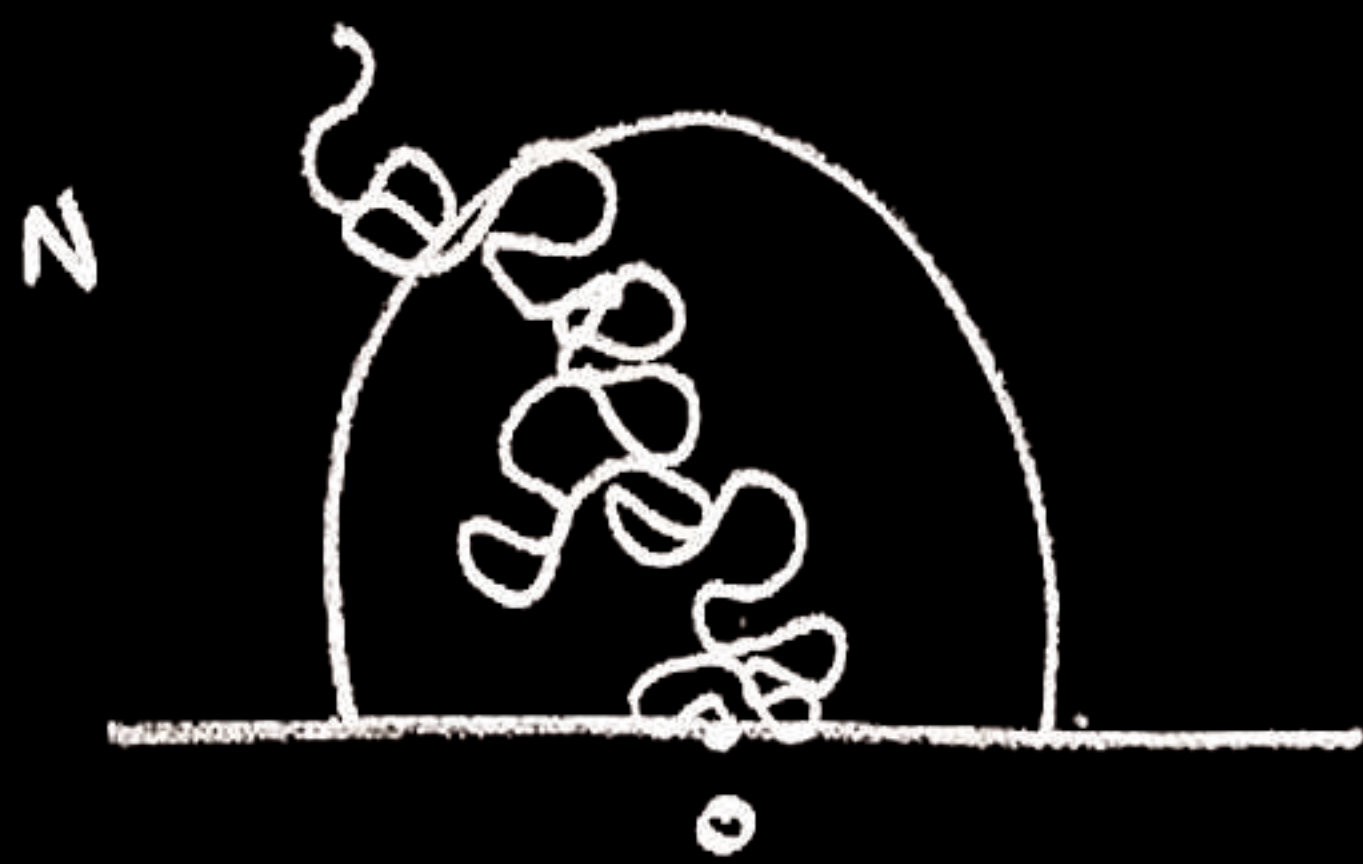


So the locality property is equivalent to the following property of  $\mu = \mu_{(\mathbb{H}, 0, \infty)}$ :

let  $N, N^*$  be initial domains in  $(\mathbb{H}, 0, \infty)$ ,

let  $\Phi: N \rightarrow N^*$  be a conformal isomorphism,  $\Phi(0) = 0$ ,  
with  $\Phi(\partial N \cap \mathbb{R}) = \partial N^* \cap \mathbb{R}$ ;

if  $X \sim \mu$ , that  $X^{N^*} \sim \Phi(X^N)$



## Theorem 8.1

SLE( $\kappa$ ) has the locality property.

## Corollary 8.2

Let  $U$  be a simply connected proper domain and let  $z_0, z_1, z_1'$  be distinct points in  $\hat{U} \setminus U$ .

Set  $D = (U, z_0, z_1)$ ,  $D' = (U, z_0, z_1')$ .

Let  $X$  be SLE( $\kappa$ ) in  $D$ ,  $X'$  be SLE( $\kappa$ ) in  $D'$ .

Set  $T = \inf\{t \geq 0 : X_t \in [z_1, z_1']\}$ ,

$T' = \inf\{t \geq 0 : X'_t \in [z_1, z_1']\}$ .

Then  $X^T$  and  $(X')^{T'}$  have the same distribution.

