

Interacting particle systems I

1. Let $G = (V, E)$ be a finite connected graph with positive edge weights ($w_e : e \in E$). Show, in the notation of the lectures that

$$i_{ab} = \frac{N^*(s, a, b, t) - N^*(s, b, a, t)}{N^*}$$

constitutes a unit flow through G from s to t satisfying Kirchhoff's laws.

2. (continuation) Let $G = (V, E)$ be finite and connected with given conductances ($w_e : e \in E$), and let $(x_v : v \in V)$ be reals satisfying $\sum_v x_v = 0$. Show that there exists a solution i to Kirchhoff's laws, viewed as two laws concerning current flow, such that the current leaving the network at each v satisfies $i_{v\infty} = x_v$.
3. Prove the series and parallel laws for electrical resistances.
4. Let $R(r)$ be the effective resistance between two given vertices of a finite network with edge-resistances $r = (r(e) : e \in E)$. Show that R is concave in that

$$\frac{1}{2}(R(r_1) + R(r_2)) \leq R\left(\frac{1}{2}(r_1 + r_2)\right).$$

5. Let G be an infinite connected graph, and let $\partial\Lambda_n$ be the set of vertices distance n from the vertex labelled O . With E_n the number of edges joining $\partial\Lambda_n$ to $\partial\Lambda_{n+1}$, show that random walk on G is recurrent if $\sum_n E_n^{-1} = \infty$.
6. (continuation) Assume that G is 'spherically symmetric' in that: for all n , for all $x, y \in \partial\Lambda_n$, there exists a graph automorphism which fixes O and maps x to y . Show that random walk on G is transient if $\sum_n E_n^{-1} < \infty$.
7. Let G be a finite connected subgraph of the finite connected graph G' . Let T and T' be uniform spanning trees on G and G' respectively. Show that, for any edge e of G , $P(e \in T) \geq P(e \in T')$.
Let T_n be a UST of the lattice box $[-n, n]^2$ of \mathbb{Z}^2 . Show that the limit $\lambda(e) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P(e \in T_n)$ exists.
8. **Subadditive inequality.** Let (x_n) be a real sequence satisfying $x_{m+n} \leq x_m + x_n$ for all m, n . Show that the limit $\lambda = \lim\{n^{-1}x_n\}$ exists and satisfies $\lambda = \inf_k \{k^{-1}x_k\}$.
9. (continuation) Can you find reasonable conditions on the sequence (α_n) such that: the generalised inequality

$$x_{m+n} \leq x_m + x_n + \alpha_m \quad \text{for all } m, n$$

implies the existence of the limit $\lambda = \lim\{n^{-1}x_n\}$?